

Motor claims in Germany - claims handling, regulations & trends in the light of the new legal regulations in Poland -

Polish Chamber of Insurance (PIU)

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German Motor Insurance: Trends and Challenges

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Market-Overview: premiums and claims



Premium income and claims expenditure in motor insurance¹

| | | 1.00.01 | | 1.15 | 1997.0 | | | | 15.000 | |
|-----------------------------------|--------|---------|--------|---|--------|---|--------|---|--------|---|
| Insurance class | 1990 | 2000 | | 2007 | | 2008 | _ | 2009 | | 2010 |
| | EUR m | EUR m | EUR m | change against previous year as % |
| Premium income total ² | 14 346 | 20 358 | 20 800 | - 2.0 | 20 372 | - 2.1 | 20 057 | - 1.5 | 20 158 | 0.5 |
| Motor TPL | 9 371 | 12 628 | 12 805 | - 2.2 | 12 495 | - 2.4 | 12 148 | - 2.8 | 12 124 | - 0.2 |
| Full comprehensive cover | 3 528 | 5 748 | 6 303 | - 1.1 | 6 260 | - 0.7 | 6 373 | 1.8 | 6 530 | 2,5 |
| Semi-comprehensive cover | 1 047 | 1 740 | 1 562 | - 2.6 | 1 495 | - 4.2 | 1 422 | - 4.9 | 1 394 | - 2.0 |
| Passenger accident | 400 | 242 | 131 | - 9.9 | 121 | - 7.7 | 114 | - 5.7 | 110 | - 3.6 |
| Benefits total ³ | 12 847 | 20 355 | 19 094 | 1.6 | 19 561 | 2.4 | 19 420 | - 0.7 | 20 060 | 3,3 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

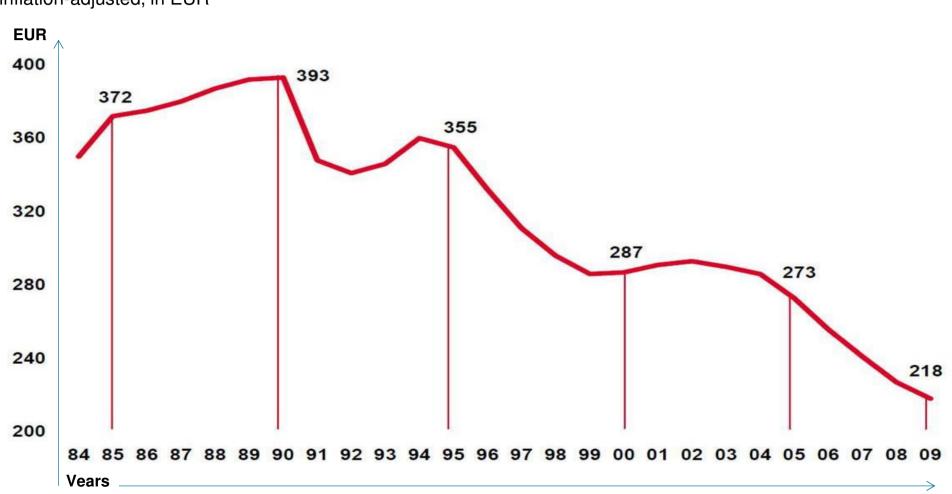
¹ domestic direct business of GDV member companies

² gross premiums written, without insurance premium tax

³ gross claims expenditures in the financial year

Source: GDV, Statistical Yearbook

Market-Overview: development of premiums



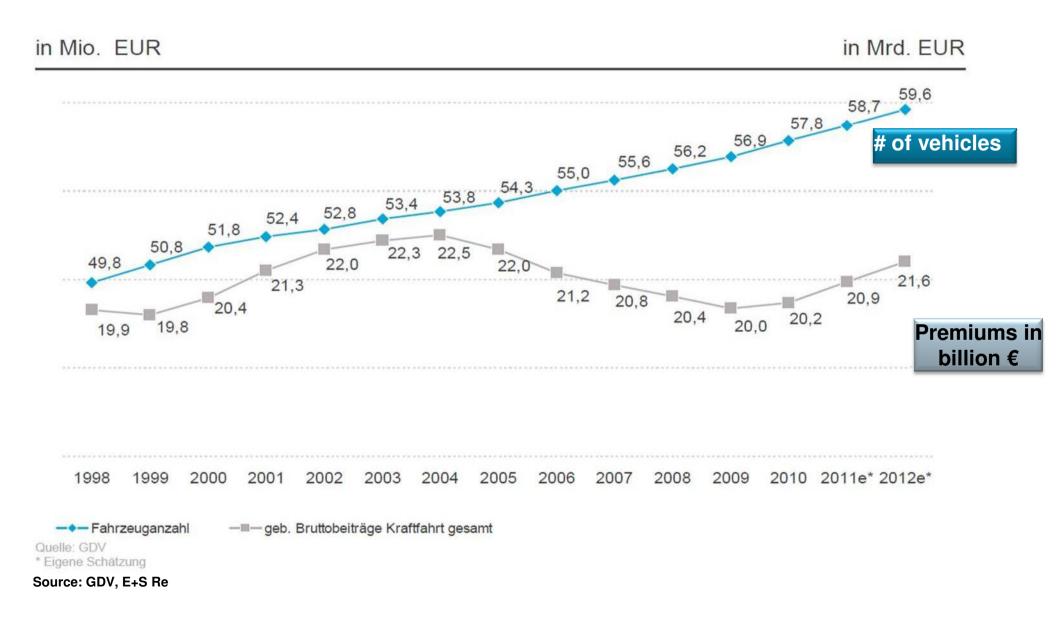
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Average premium in motor liability (MTPL)

- inflation-adjusted, in EUR

Source: GDV

Market-Overview: premium income in comparison to **Sothaer** # of vehicles



Market-Overview: technical results



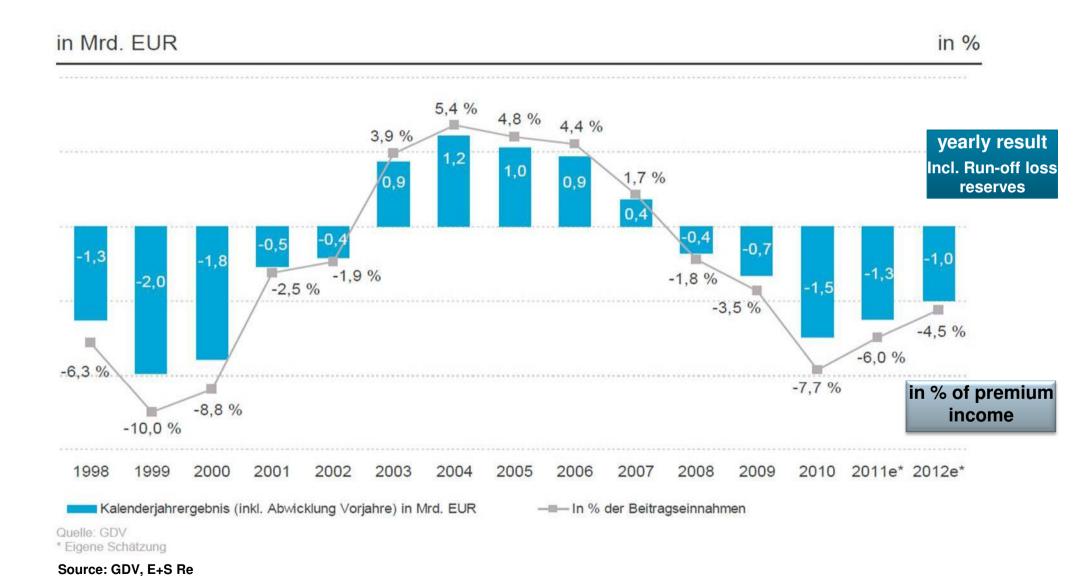


Chart 6 -PIU 14th may 2012

Market-Overview: loss ratios in motor insurance



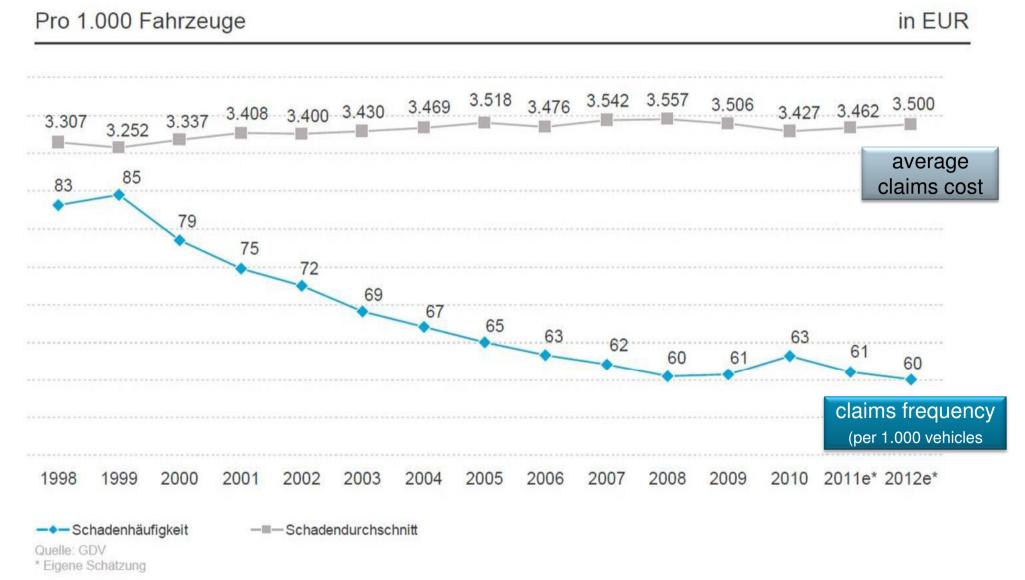
| Year | | Loss ratio ² as per cent | oss ratio² as per cent | | | | |
|------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | motor liability | full comprehensive cover | semi-comprehensive cover | | | | |
| 1980 | 99.2 | 94.2 | 79.7 | | | | |
| 1990 | 93.5 | 92.7 | 90.0 | | | | |
| 1995 | 96.7 | 75.6 | 68.7 | | | | |
| 2000 | 108.4 | 93.3 | 70.0 | | | | |
| 2001 | 102.5 | 87.7 | 66.1 | | | | |
| 2002 | 97.0 | 89.6 | 78.8 | | | | |
| 2003 | 93.0 | 83.5 | 68.7 | | | | |
| 2004 | 91.9 | 79.4 | 63.2 | | | | |
| 2005 | 92.6 | 80.7 | 61.7 | | | | |
| 2006 | 94.0 | 84.7 | 63.9 | | | | |
| 2007 | 96.9 | 88.9 | 67.9 | | | | |
| 2008 | 97.3 | 98.3 | 81.2 | | | | |
| 2009 | 100.6 | 96.8 | 72.8 | | | | |
| 2010 | 103.7 | 99.5 | 71.7 | | | | |

¹ domestic direct business of GDV member companies

² gross expenditure on claims of the financial year as a proportion of gross premiums earned

Source: GDV, Statistical Yearbook

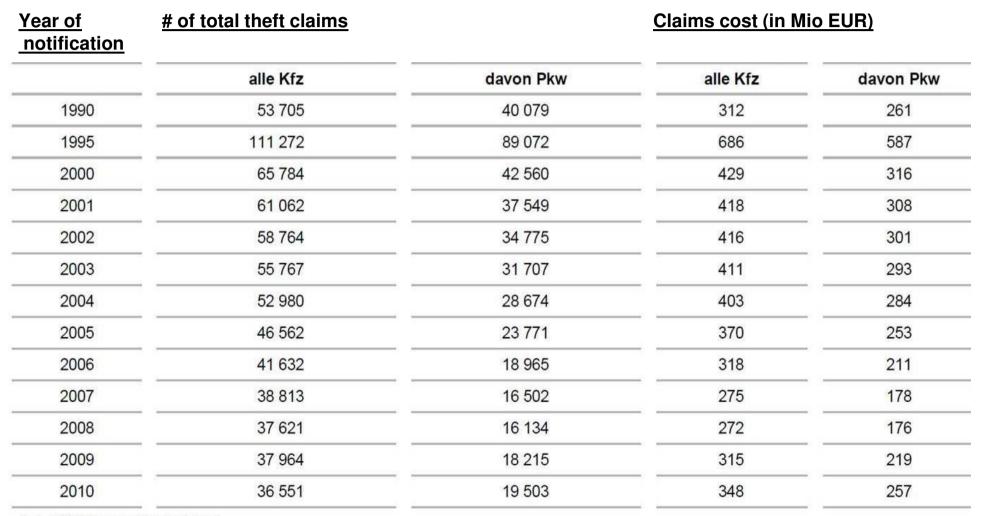
Market-Overview: claims frequency and average claims cost in motor liability



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Source: GDV, E+S Re

Market-Overview: # of total vehicle theft claims and claims cost (in Mio EUR)



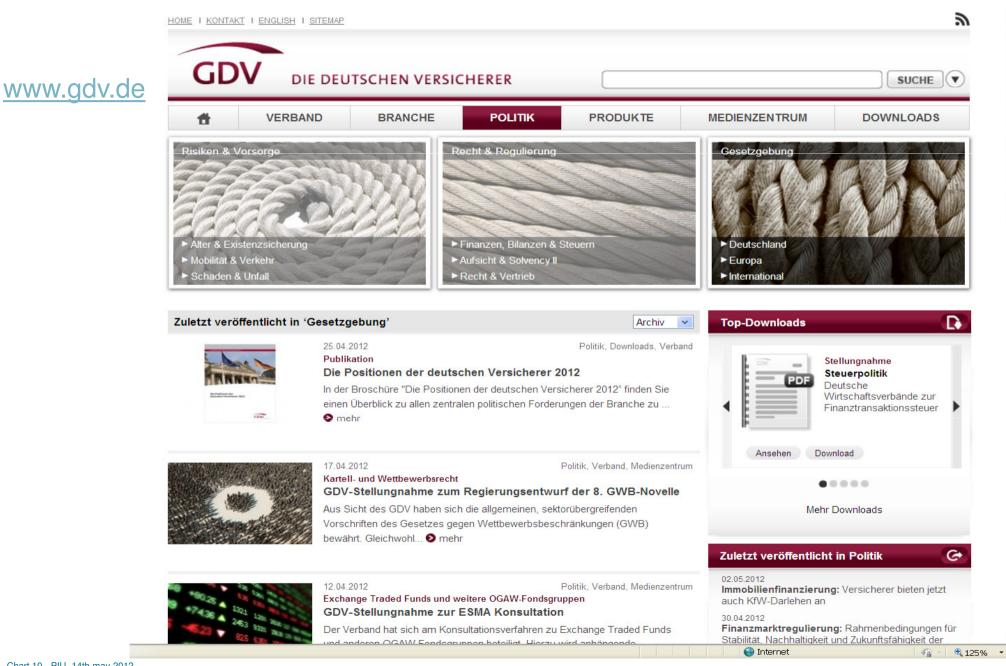
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1 ab 1995 Gesamtdeutschland

² Bruttoaufwendungen für gemeldete Versicherungsfälle inkl. Schadenregulierungsaufwendungen

Source: GDV

Market-Overview: German Insurance Association (GDV) **Gothger**







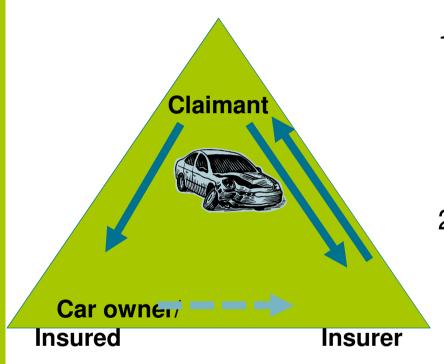
German Motor Insurance: Market-Overview



German Motor Insurance: Present Legal Regulations

3 German Motor Insurance: Trends and Challenges

Present Legal Regulations: guiding principle in motor liability



 Usually right of "direct claim" to the MTPL Insurer for the claimant (§ 115 VVG) in case of an obligatory insurance, insolvency or unknown residence

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2. Right of "direct claim" for the claimant to the car owner/driver, who has to "hand over the claim" to the insurer

But: no "Direct claim handling process" in Germany (like in UK)

That means, **no** claims-settlement in MTPL-Claims by the casco-insurer of the claimant (out of his casco policy) and compensation by the MTPL-Insurer of the author of damage afterwards

Present Legal Regulations:



types of liabilities / legal responsibilities

First Principle: "tortious liability or "fault-basedliability" ("Verschuldenshaftung")

- → the debitor is liable for any damage only when this has caused or contributed to a wrongful behaviour.
- → wrongful behaviour means: deliberately or negligently or unlawful.

Second Principle: "absolute liability" or "strict liability in tort" ("Gefährdungshaftung")

- → independent from "wrongful behaviour"
- → liability based on the "inside –risk" of the vehicle and follows from "operating the vehicle" - that means not only driving the vehicle !
- \rightarrow Exceptions:
 - (1) accident by an "act of god"
 - (2) if the vehicle is stolen but only if the owner has not offer culpable this drive

Restitution in kind or money equivalent

Present legal regulations:



compensation in motor liability (MTPL)

Property damage



- 1. Repair Cost
 - imaginary: max . up to replacement amount (replacement value ./. residual value) VAT only if accrued !
 - concrete: up to 130% of replacement value (VAT incl.)
- 2. Rental Car (same type) or loss of use
- 3. Decrease in market value- calculated by an expert advice
- 4. Cost of claims expert (if accrued)
- 5. Cost of lawyer (if accrued)

Bodily injury

- . Medical Expenses
- 2. Loss of earnings
- 3. Pain & Suffering
- 4. Housekeeping expenses
- 5. Livelihood expenses
- 6. Funeral expenses
- Cost for rehabilitation/ reha-management
- 8. Residual Cost (added needs)



Present Legal Regulations:



compensation in motor casco (semi & full comprehensive)

Property Damage

1. repair cost



- imaginary (cost estimated): max. up to replacement amount (replacement value ./. residual value) → VAT only if accrued
- concrete: replacement value
- under certain circumstances: original price compensation 24 months (full c.) theft 12 months (full comprehensive – not incl. by semi comprehensive)

2. broken glass

→ minimizing the cost by commitment with glass specialist (e.g. carglass) "first repair - second replacement"

3. Theft of car / theft of parts

4. special terms and conditions:

- "garage commitment" → mandatory steering of customer for damages of car body and glass
- expanding coverages, e.g. for mobile navigation systems, bite of marten or bite of any animal and consequential damages (in full comprehensive)

Present Legal Regulations:



VAT added to cost-estimated calculation ?

Law changed by a reform in 2002.

- replacement of vat tax in tort (relevant for MTPL and TPL) only if it has been accrued !
- Cost estimation based on a cost calculation by an claims expert or a body shop

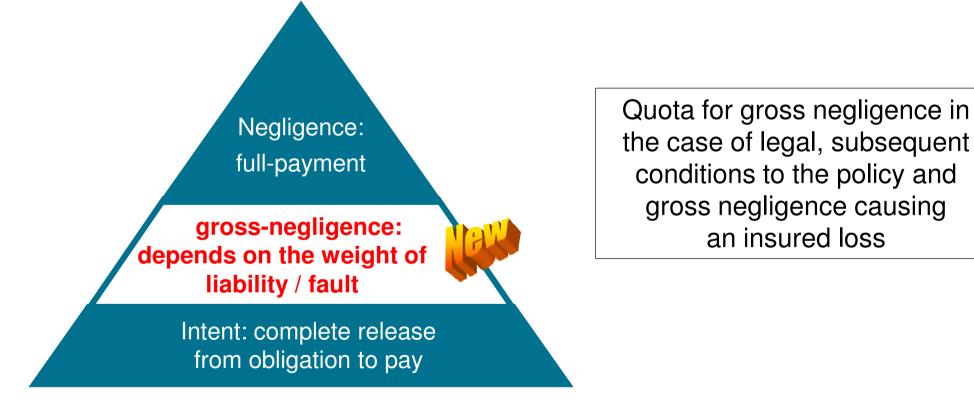


legal discussion about the parameters of cost-calculation, especially of the working hours rates ("free-market body shop" vs. "OEM body shop")

 other regulations had been changed, e.g. compensation for pain and suffering also in case of the "absolute liability"

Present legal regulations: reform of the german insurance contract law in 2008







Intensification of "risk consulting" for brokers: obligations of advice before signing the contract and during the contract period

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"Bazaar-Fighting" about weights (in %)

Present legal regulations : residual value and



internet-auctions for total damaged cars

Guiding principle of the german jurisdiction is: The claimant is the "master of the situation"

That means

- 1. The claimant can sell the total damaged car by his own, based on residual offerings from the (his) claims expert (\rightarrow 3 offers are sufficient)
- 2. The insurer can only prevent this, if he can offer a better binding offer as fast as possible



- 1. Fast Track processing for expertises to upload in online auction for wrecked cars (e.g. <u>www.autoonline.de</u>)
 - Bring the claimant "on hold" waiting for advice of the insurer
- 3. Fast Track processing for binding offer to the claimant

Present legal regulations: rental car





Right for the claimant to get a rental car, if the vehicle is not usable

→ the claimant is set to like there was no accident

Cost will payed, only if necessary and willingness of use (needful requirement)

- → average daily road performance, saved primary cost, duration of rental
- \rightarrow duty to minimise costs

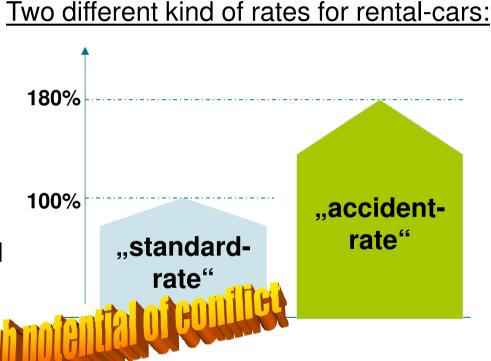
If there are several possibilities the economical way is to taken: the rental car is chosen which is **the cheapest on the local market**







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- Special rates for direct procurement
- Check of Invoices and stringent reduced payments





German Motor Insurance: Market-Overview



German Motor Insurance: Present Legal Regulations



German Motor Insurance: Trends and Challenges

Trends and Challenges: Overview



| 1 | constant or smooth decreasing claims frequency due to less milage per vehicle (second / third car,) more active and passiv security devices/systems |
|---|--|
| 2 | Smooth increasing average claims cost due to legal regulations and more customer oriented jurisdiction Ordinary inflation and "superimposed inflation" in bodily injury cases extension in coverages – especially in motor casco Constant / smooth increasing benefits in active claims management |
| 3 | Increasing electronic workflows, e.g. insurance certificate, vehicle admission and "underwriting-internetplatforms" \rightarrow |
| 4 | Strategic challenges eCall-Initiative of European Government "Pay as you drive, or "UBI" and flat rates for car+insurance Insurance Fraud increasing competition on claims service provider capacity Reserving-procedures and –audits due to Solvency II regulations |

Trends and Challenges: eCall

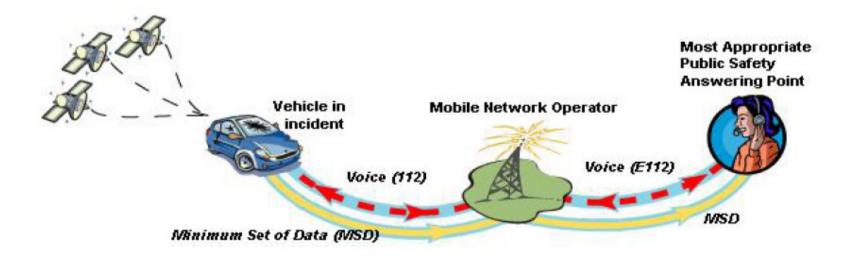




European eCall Implementation Platform



- Europe-wide eCall service in electronic communication networks for the transmission of in-vehicle emergency calls based on 112
- 2. improvement for post-accident road safety
- 3. Increasing development of add-on telematics services in connection to eCall



Trends and Challenges: eCall





2.3 Benefits

The major benefit of eCall will be the reduction of the number of fatalities and the mitigation of the severity of injuries caused by road accidents due to faster arrival of the emergency services to the accident scene⁴, due mainly to two reasons:

- Immediate set-up of a voice call between the occupants of the vehicle and the emergency response centres operators
- Sending at the same time of a Minimum Set of Data including accurate location of the vehicle.

Several national, European and international studies have estimated the possible impact of the introduction of the eCall service in all vehicles in Europe, which could led to up to 2,500 lives saved annually in Europe and a reduction of 10% of the severity of the injuries.

Trends and Challenges: eCall





4.1 Parts of the in-vehicle system

The eCall in-vehicle system equipment (OBE) comprises different parts:

- 1. Electronic Control Unit (ECU)
- 2. Positioning system
- 3. Communication system
- 4. Human-Machine Interaction (HMI)

Challenges:

- Safeguarding of free and fair competition
- Consumer choice and data protection

Less possibilities for insurers to steer the customer in own body shop network

Trends and Challenges: insurance fraud

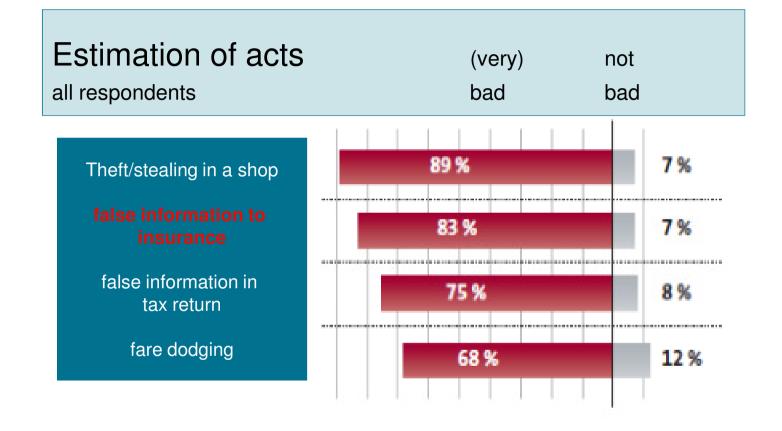
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Chart 25 -PIU 14th may 2012

Trends and Challenges: insurance fraud

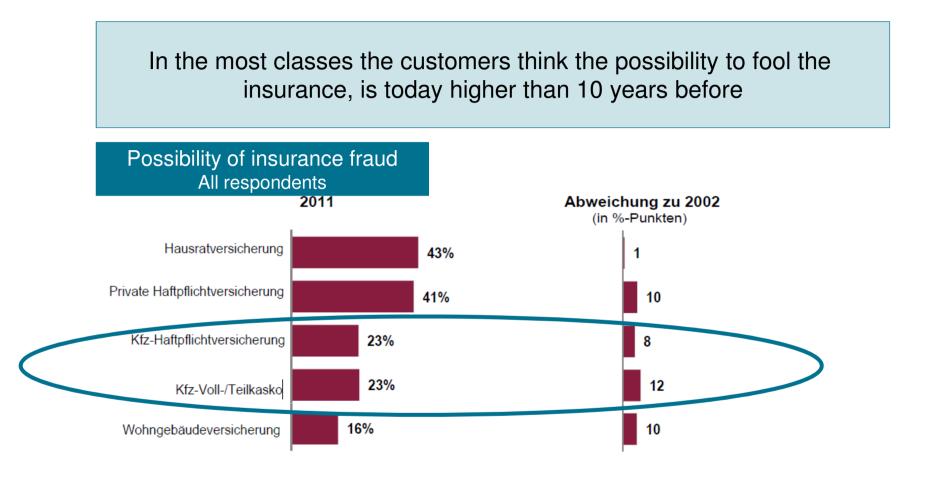




Falsche Angaben gegenüber einer Versicherung ist für die Befragten weniger schlimm als Diebstahl in einem Geschäft.

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Trends and Challenges: insurance Fraud



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Thank you for your attention!

Backup



Market-Overview: premium income, claims expenditure and claims ratio



| year | number of | premium | n income1 | claims ex | claims ratio ³ | |
|-----------|------------------------|------------|--|------------|--|------|
| | insurance companies | in EUR m | change against previous year as % | in EUR m | change against previous year as % | as % |
| 2004 | 109 | 22,504.2 | 0.8 | 19,223.0 | -1.8 | 85.4 |
| 2005 | 106 | 22,005.3 | -2.2 | 18,952.9 | -1.4 | 86.1 |
| 2006 | 103 | 21,221.4 | -3.6 | 18,788.9 | -0.9 | 88.4 |
| 2007 | 104 | 20,800.4 | -2.0 | 19,094.5 | 1.6 | 91.8 |
| 2008 | 106 | 20,371.9 | -2.1 | 19,560.7 | 2.4 | 96.0 |
| 2009 | 104 | 20,056.6 | -1.5 | 19,420.0 | -0.7 | 97.0 |
| 2010 | 100 | 20,158.0 | 0.5 | 20,060.2 | 3.3 | 99.6 |
| | | average an | nual rates of cl | hange as % | | |
| 1976-1980 | х | 9.4 | х | 11.0 | х | х |
| 1980-1990 | х | 6.2 | x | 5.6 | x | х |
| 1990-2000 | Х | 3.6 | х | 4.7 | Х | х |
| 2000-2010 | Х | -0.1 | Х | -0.1 | Х | х |

* German direct business

1 written gross premiums; without insurance premium tax

2 gross claims incurred for the accounting year

3 gross claims incurred for the accounting year as % of earned gross premiums Source: GDV

Chart 30 -PIU 14th may 2012

Market-Overview: main KPIs



| Year of notification | vehicles ² 1 000 | | number of claims 1 000 | | claims expenditure ³ EUR m | | loss frequency⁴ | | average loss⁵ EUR | |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------|--|------------------------|-----------------|------------------------|----------------------|------------------------|
| | total ⁶ | thereof passenger cars | total | thereof passenger cars | total | thereof passenger cars | total | thereof passenger cars | total | thereof passenger cars |
| 1980 | 26 964 | 19 980 | 3 331 | 2 505 | 5 499 | 4 377 | 124 | 125 | 1 651 | 1 747 |
| 1990 | 34 368 | 26 851 | 3 756 | 2 903 | 8 362 | 6 772 | 109 | 108 | 2 226 | 2 333 |
| 1995 | 46 794 | 35 510 | 4 256 | 3 281 | 12 816 | 10 199 | 91 | 92 | 3 011 | 3 108 |
| 2000 | 50 924 | 37 586 | 3 996 | 3 0 1 7 | 13 337 | 10 376 | 78 | 80 | 3 337 | 3 439 |
| 2001 | 51 431 | 37 911 | 3 841 | 2 934 | 13 090 | 10 290 | 75 | 77 | 3 408 | 3 507 |
| 2002 | 51 963 | 38 239 | 3 765 | 2 901 | 12 801 | 10 1 18 | 72 | 76 | 3 400 | 3 488 |
| 2003 | 52 564 | 38 752 | 3 652 | 2 842 | 12 527 | 9 936 | 69 | 73 | 3 430 | 3 496 |
| 2004 | 52 895 | 38 969 | 3 569 | 2 785 | 12 381 | 9 797 | 67 | 71 | 3 469 | 3 518 |
| 2005 | 53 221 | 39 056 | 3 466 | 2 700 | 12 193 | 9 622 | 65 | 69 | 3 518 | 3 564 |
| 2006 | 53 942 | 39 440 | 3 413 | 2 653 | 11 862 | 9 354 | 63 | 67 | 3 476 | 3 526 |
| 2007 | 54 340 | 39 475 | 3 382 | 2 633 | 11 977 | 9 433 | 62 | 67 | 3 542 | 3 583 |
| 2008 | 54 904 | 39 771 | 3 317 | 2 585 | 11 798 | 9 290 | 60 | 65 | 3 557 | 3 594 |
| 2009 | 55 493 | 39 963 | 3 371 | 2 656 | 11 817 | 9 348 | 61 | 66 | 3 506 | 3 520 |
| 2010 | 56 211 | 40 434 | 3 552 | 2 783 | 12 172 | 9 513 | 63 | 69 | 3 427 | 3 418 |

¹ from 1995 for Eastern and Western Germany; deviations from the Statistical Yearbook due to different reporting systems of underlying statistics; here: based on the reporting year, motor trade and craft, border insurance and NATO business not included; Stat. Yearbook: based on the financial year, complete motor business included

² units per year: contracts of less than one year have been aggregated

³ gross expenditure on reported claims incl. claim settlement expenses

⁴ number of claims per 1 000 vehicles

⁵ claims expenditure divided by number of claims

⁶passenger cars, lorries, motorcycles, mopeds, etc.

Market-Overview: average claims cost MTPL, full and semi comprehensive (in EUR)



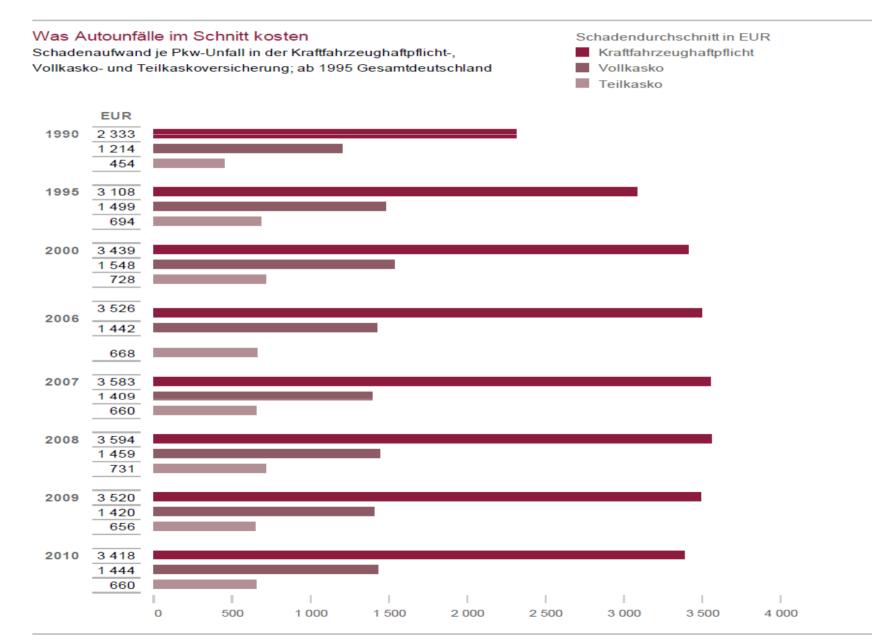


Chart 32 -PIU 14th may 2012